





Ministry of Foreign Affairs

5<sup>th</sup> UNESCO Forum on Transformative Education

for Sustainable Development, Global Citizenship,

Health and Well-being

The implementation of transformative education – where do we stand?

#### Monitoring, Measuring, Assessing & Improving to Incrementally Transform

Concurrent sessions 2 Session 2.3 **Doug McCall,** Executive Director, International School Health Network

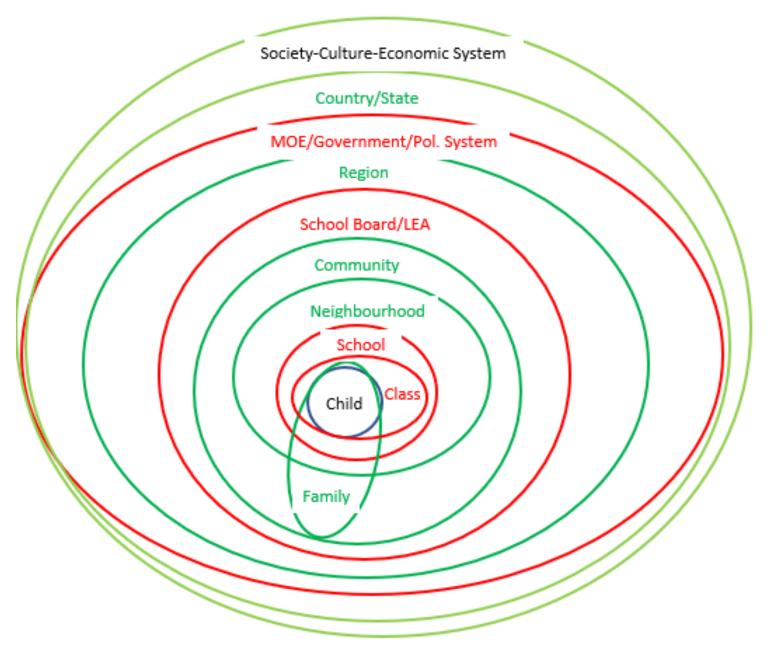


#### Real world, country/context-relevant, systems-focused <u>Monitoring, Measuring, Assessing & Improving</u> <u>(MMAI)</u> <u>to Incrementally Transform</u>

The <u>deadly and confusing gaps</u> about education promoting health & well-being

> Doug McCall International School Health Network UNESCO Forum on Transformative Education 01 December 2021 With Daniel Laitsch, Simon Fraser University, Deepika Sharma, Nutrition Program UNICEF

Ecological Analysis - School Reform Requires Ecological (Systems) Actions



## <u>Preliminary Q&As</u> Q1. Transform? Re-Imagine? Q2. What is to be transformed? OR (as educators suggest) A1. Build, Rebuild & Refocus

A2. Education & Other Systems

#### Monitor, Report, Evaluate/Assess, Improve (MREI) Practices, Principles & Pitfalls

There are several MREI practices that can lead to systemic improvements, including:

- commissioned reports in different formats and regular and annual updates,
- school <u>award/accreditation programs</u>
- periodic policy/program/practices surveys.
- In-depth <u>analysis of policy, guidance, curriculum documents and</u> <u>secondary sources</u> as well as <u>ministry structures, coordination, funding</u> <u>streams/projects, budgets, informal processes & formal procedures and</u> <u>partnerships</u>, can create and maintain <u>portraits or profiles</u> of ministries and agencies to reveal problems, successes and challenges/opportunities
- <u>Self-assessment tools</u> and <u>school recognition/incentive programs</u> may motivate small innovations but sustained improvements will come from <u>data-driven</u>, <u>collaborative decision-making</u> embedded within the established improvement planning procedures of ministries, agencies and schools such as <u>school</u> <u>improvement planning</u> and <u>joint sector reviews</u>.
- <u>Administrative</u> and <u>survey data</u> on the health status, personal and social development of children and adolescents such as <u>behaviour surveys</u>, <u>incident/accident</u> and <u>other reports</u> on the conditions in families, communities and schools

#### Measure What Matters, not what is easy to

#### measure or measuring to make our

#### program/research matter

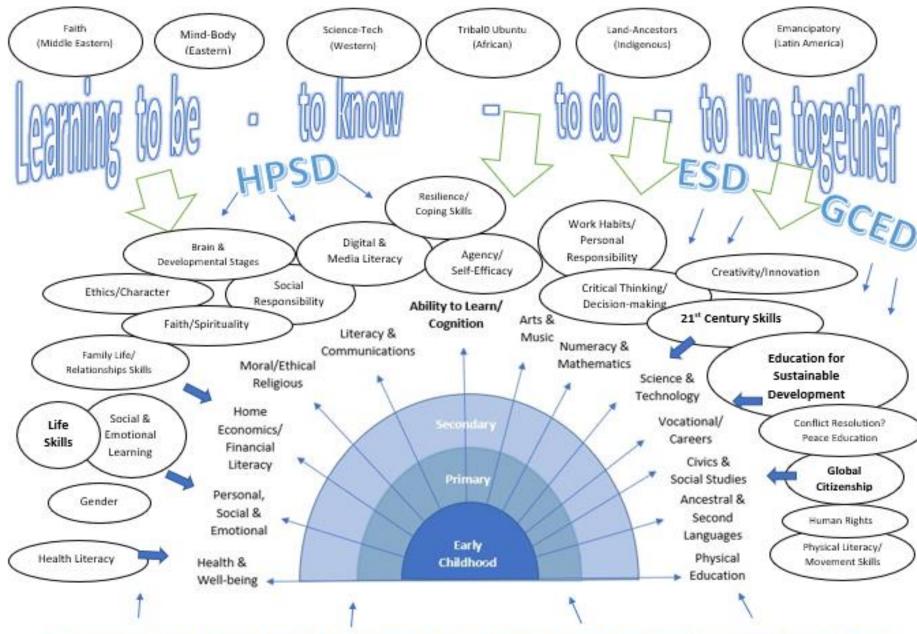
<u>Health & Life Skills education</u>, the key part of health & well-being, is mandated by most countries, is the best vehicle to teach vaccine literacy, personal hygiene skills, how to find, verify reliable health information especially online, how to use protective equipment or safety precautions, how to seek help when distressed, reducing stigma about seeking help and being fundamentally concerned about the health of others rather than viewing health only as a personal possession or responsibility.

Health & Life Skills education has been poorly researched, practiced, assessed & monitored as well as <u>deliberately</u> ignored by <u>SDG monitoring of Target 4.7</u> (p.13) and badly misunderstood by the <u>Futures of Education Commission</u> (p.68). Ironically, we have to raise this urgent concern here in Korea, where the 2015 <u>Incheon Declaration</u> (sections 9 & 10) specifically included health and life skills as part of the goals for student learning leading up to 2030.

Health & Life Skills education is a pillar/common infrastructure or key part of several multi-component approaches and multi-intervention programs promoted and implemented simultaneously by several sectors and UN agencies. For H&LS education to be effective, the MCAs and MIPs must see H&LS as part of their framework. As well, the other pillars (policy, student services, physical environment and psycho-social support) <u>need to be coordinated</u> and the MCAs and MIPs must see and MIPs need to be <u>aligned</u>, contextualized, implemented, coordinated, sustained, integrated within school systems, scaled up by incremental systems change.

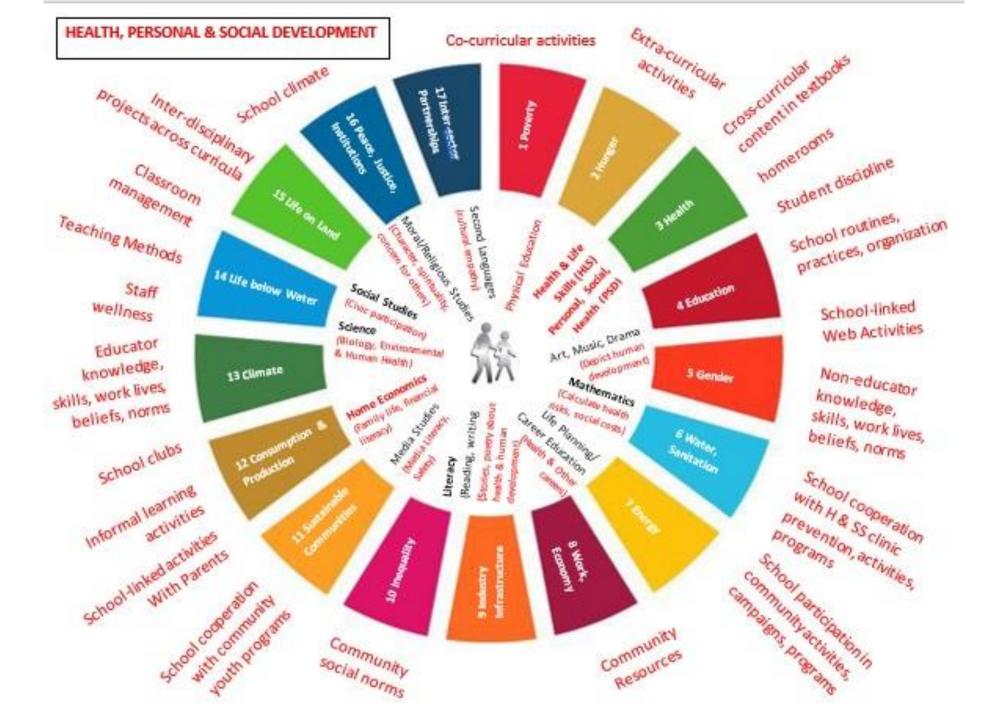
	Multi-Component Approaches	Multi-Intervention Programs
•	Out-of-school, Child Rights, Inclusion (eg. UNICEF Child Friendly Schools	Child growth & development/stunting
•	Students with disabilities/special needs (e.g. UNESCO Disability Inclusive Education, GPE	Vision, Hearing
	Inclusive Schooling	Child Abuse & Neglect
•	Students who have been excluded from school (e.g. UNGEI Girls Education)	Family Violence
•	School Health & Nutrition/ School Feeding (e.g. World Bank, World Food Program	Child Sexual Abuse
•	Healthy Schools (e.g. WHO Health Promoting Schools	Promoting mental health/managing mental illness
•	Low Resource Countries (e.g. WFP-UNICEF Essential Package of Interventions	Preventing NCDs/ managing Chronic health conditions
•	Human rights, diversity, prohibiting discrimination (e.g <u>SOROS Foundations</u> )	Promoting Sun Safety
•	Safe Schools: Preventing Violence (e.g. WHO, UNESCO, UNICEF Violence Prevention	Avoiding/reducing environmental hazards
•	Crime Prevention (e.g. UNODC Education for Lawfulness, Peace, Order, Good Government	• Managing climate crisis health threats (Heat, Floods, Zika virus, Dengue Fever)
•	Safe School Construction (e.g. UNISDR, ISDR, World Bank, INEE Safer School Construction	Preventing Infectious Diseases/Immunization
•	Disaster Risk Reduction (e.g. UNISDR DRR & Recovery	Child Trafficking/ Exploitation
•	Conflict-Affected Countries (e.g. INEE Education in Emergencies Standards)	Supporting and educating refugee students/immigrants
•	Peace Education (e.g. UNESCO Peace Education Framework)	Preventing Bullying, Cyber Bullying
•	Sustainable Development/Eco-Green Schools (e.g <u>Eco-Schools Global)</u>	Preventing, reducing gang involvement
•	Open/Community Schools (e.g. <u>UNESCO Open Schools</u>	• Preventing student isolation, alienation, violent extremism, school shootings
•	Global Citizenship (e.g. UNESCO Associated Schools	Promoting peace
•	Indigenous Schooling (e.g. Indigenous School Health	Preventing HIV/STI, Promoting Sexual Health
•	Faith/Culture/Language-based Schools (e.g. UNICEF Partnering with Religious Communities	Preventing substance abuse/tobacco use
	Core Components	Promoting physical activity
•	Policy requiring common, core components across ministries (e.g. FRESH Framework)	Preventing accidental injury/promoting safety
•	Multi-tiered, integrated, services (e.g. Positive Behavoural Interventions & Supports	Promoting menstrual health & hygiene
•	Physical environment Water, Sanitation, Hygiene (WASH) (e.g. UNICEF WASH in Schools	Promoting dental/oral Health
•	Psycho-social environment (e.g UNESCO Safe & non-violent learning environments)	• Etc. etc.
•	Instruction & extended education (e.g. <u>Health &amp; Life Skills Education</u> )	
		Food & Nutrition (School Feeding, Overweight/Obesity, Food Safety/Food
		Production, Food Preparation)

#### Society - Culture - Economic/Means of Production, Political Systems



Seeking Coherence in a Crowded Landscape

Social Learning/Cognition - Reasoned Action - Self-Determination - Stages of Change - Problem Behaviour - Moral Disengagement - Social Attachment



Health & Life skills education is one of several programs & practices promoting health & well-being (Health, Personal & Social Development) which are part of the socialization & care/custodial roles of schooling. It includes curricula/ classroom instruction as well as extended education in extra-curricular and cocurricula activities, school rules, routines & rituals, on-line and family, communitybased programs.

### **The Survey & Document Analysis**

Rather than a narrow focus on one aspect of the whole child or one program, the facts about several approaches and programs will be reported (with one issue (nutrition) examined in detail to illustrate how specific interventions need to be coordinated).

The <u>Fact-Finding Survey</u> will report on the status, structures, procedures and capacities of the multi-component approaches and multi-intervention programs that promote health and well-being. Health & Life Skills education will be examined with a view to enabling on-going monitoring with the SDGs. Separate tabulations on low, middle, high resource and conflict/disaster affected countries will be prepared.

The <u>Document Analysis</u> will collect policies, guidance, curriculum documents and more from the education ministries and other ministries where relevant. The initial collection of documents will be made available to all countries, practitioners and independent researchers through the UNESCO Resource Centre. Initial profiles of each country, state and province will be prepared and sent to respondents & correspondents.

# **Follow-up Actions** to Fill the Gaps/Improve Systems using the Study

As well as various dissemination activities, there are three planned initiatives that will use the information from this study to improve policies, programs and practices:

- 1. An International Research Network, established by the World Education Research Association, will continue its work in defining and acting on a Research/Knowledge Development agenda on Health & Life Skills education. Next event (virtual) is at the <u>American Education Research Association (AERA)</u> April 21-26, 2022 in San Diego, California
- 2. Several activities & resources on <u>School Food & Nutrition</u> using a Community of Practice strategy will be aligned with larger initiatives being led by UNICEF, WFP and other global organizations.
- 3. A "profiles and pathways" initiative, complementing the work already done by UNESCO on <u>inclusion policies</u>, will create collections of documents for each country that can be used for many different analyses based on the inclusion strategies using the approaches and programs identified in the study. Please see our <u>prototype collection of documents for one jurisdiction</u> (Manitoba-Canada) and the <u>draft Manitoba profile</u> which we are creating as an example

Thank you for your interest. For more information, contact: <u>dmccall@internationalschoolhealth.org</u>

Or visit the project web site at:

<u>https://www.fresh-partners.org/fact-finding-survey-policycurriculum-</u> <u>analysis.html</u>

